



National standard for driving lorries (category C)



Safety Standards Service

Introducing the 'National standard for driving lorries (category C)'

This national standard describes the **skills**, **knowledge** and **understanding** needed to be a safe and responsible driver of a category C vehicle. It assumes that any person wishing to drive vehicles in category C has demonstrated full competence against roles 1 to 4 of the 'National standard for driving cars and light vans (category B)'; they hold a current full category B driving licence.

It also assumes that they have demonstrated **competence** against role 5 of the 'National standard for driving cars and light vans (category B)'. This means they have the skills, knowledge and understanding needed to **demonstrate** that they have **maintained** and **continued** to **improve** their **driving competence** since they gained their full category B driving licence.

The relevant content of the 'National standard for driving cars and light vans (category B)' is reproduced here for completeness and to avoid the need to refer to more than one standard.

The standard is written to be compatible with existing National Occupational Standards (NOS). It will link the work of:

- the Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency (DVSA), the standard setting organisation for safe and responsible driving
- Skills for Logistics, who set the Driving Goods Vehicles NOS
- the providers of driving related qualifications

If you are **employed** by a haulage operator, you **should have received full training and briefing** in **all** of the **elements** covered in this Standard. This document is **aimed** at **all** category C **drivers** and is intended as an overview document. It is not intended to replace any policies or procedures applied by your employer. If you are in any doubt about any of the elements covered, you should **speak** to **your employer** for further **training** or **guidance**.

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Scope

The content of this standard applies to driving

- all types of vehicle¹ covered by category C (i.e. C1, C1+E, C, C+E for definitions see
- Directive 2006/16/EC Driving licence (Recast) (Text with EEA relevance)
- manual and automatic vehicles
- on any class of road
- at any time
- in any weather conditions
- with passengers (subject to legal requirements and the manufacturer's specification)
- with any load (subject to legal requirements and the manufacturer's specification)
- for private use and for professional purposes (subject to relevant legislation)

The standard covers: Professions falling under specific legislation (Transport)

- a) Professional Qualifications (EEA Policy areas relevant to training drivers)
- b) Directive (EU) 2018/645 on the Initial Qualification and Periodic Training of drivers of certain road vehicles for the carriage of goods or passengers and Directive 2006/16/EC Driving licences (Text with EEA relevance).
- c) Road Traffic Act 1988 Part III Licensing of Vehicle Drivers Training Drivers.
- d) Requirements of the Category C licence acquisition process.
- e) Certificate of Professional Competence (Driver CPC) training for qualified drivers'
- f) The minimum level of qualification shall be comparable at least to level 2 of the European Qualifications Framework (EQF).
- g) Recognition of academic and professional qualifications IMS Code of Practice.
- h) Driving in the EU from 1st January 2021: Lorry and goods vehicle drivers.
- i) DVSA Earned recognition audit specifications for vehicle operators.
- j) Regulation in relation to the regulation and supervision of qualifications and working conditions of persons engaged in road transport. Regulation (EC) No 561/2006 (EU Version)
- k) Liabilities of Transport undertakings. Enforcement sanctions policy (prohibitions/penalties)

¹ For the purposes of this standard the term 'vehicle' is taken to refer to any rigid or articulated vehicle or any combination of rigid vehicle and trailer covered by category C and its sub and extended categories.

Role 1 Prepare vehicle and its occupants for a journey Unit 1.1 Prepare occupants of vehicle for a journey Element 1.1.1 Make sure you are fit to drive **Performance Standards** Knowledge & Understanding You must be able to You must know and understand 1. assess whether your a. what the law says about driving while you have illegal ability to drive safely and or controlled substances or alcohol in your system legally is affected or likely b. how illegal or controlled substances or alcohol impair to be affected by the use your ability to drive safely, and of that, regardless of any legal limits, the desirable over-the-counter level of alcohol to have in your system is zero medicines how the strength of alcohol varies in different prescription medicines types of drink illegal or controlled what a 'unit' of alcohol is equivalent to in different substances types of drink alcohol how the body metabolises drugs and alcohol and 2. assess whether your the rate at which they are removed from your ability to drive safely and system legally is affected by that any alcohol may make you more likely to fall your emotional state asleep even if the levels in your blood are below the legal limit a short or long-term physical condition c. how over-the-counter or prescription medicines can impair your ability to drive safely tiredness d. the risks linked to any combination of 3. seek support to make any changes necessary for over-the-counter medicines you to drive safely and prescription medicines responsibly if you have a long term physical illegal or controlled substances • condition alcohol 4. assess whether drivers' e. that any remedy or medicine with instructions that hours regulations permit state 'may cause drowsiness' is highly likely to cause you to drive drowsiness 5. follow your organisation's f. the range of possible solutions that exist to help those procedures when you are with long-term physical conditions drive safely and legally unable to drive responsibly 6. operate the tachograph correctly – when it is legally required for the service being performed

- recognise if your normal sleep patterns have been disrupted, for example by having to care for children or when on night or rotating shifts, and be aware of where this may affect your driving ability
- manage your diet and fluid intake, taking shift patterns into account, to make sure you are fit to drive and to minimise tiredness
- 9. manage your intake of
 - alcohol
 - medication, including
 herbal remedies

to make sure that you do not exceed legal limits or increase your chance of falling asleep while driving

- 10. continuously monitor whether you are tired while driving and take appropriate action
- recognise the dangers of continuing to drive, such as returning home on completion of a shift, especially where you have reached the limits set by drivers' hours regulations

- g. how being tired, before or during your journey, affects your ability to drive safely, and
 - how a poor seating position and bad posture can make you tired
 - that a poor diet, or eating food at the wrong time, may make you more likely to fall asleep
 - that there are times of the day when we are all likely to feel more sleepy
- h. the principles of the drivers' hours legislation, and
 - the responsibilities they place on you
 - where to get further information or advice
 - how to operate tachograph equipment
 - that while employers who cause their employees to work and/or drive for so long that they become dangerously tired may be guilty of an offence, the driver still has a personal responsibility under the law
- i. how emotional states such as anger, grief, sadness and joy can impair your ability to drive safely
- j. that being careless, thoughtless and/or reckless are frequent causes of crashes
- k. how a short-term injury, such as a sprained ankle, can affect your ability to drive safely
- I. that eyesight deteriorates and failure to recognise and respond to that deterioration may have an effect on your ability to drive safely and legally
- m. the need to have a sight test every two years as a minimum
- n. that if you need to wear glasses or contact lenses to meet the licence requirements you must wear them all the time when driving
- o. how different sorts of tinted and light-sensitive lenses or visors react in different driving conditions
- p. the effect that changes to your physical and mental abilities, particularly as you get older, can have on your ability to drive safely, such as slower reaction times and reduced muscle strength
- q. how to make appropriate arrangements when your ability to drive safely or legally is impaired
- r. whether you need to have regular medicals or make medical declarations to keep your licence valid, and
 - how often these need to take place
 - the need to arrange the medical in advance of the expiry date so you can continue to drive legally

Unit 1.1 Prepare occupants of vehicle for a journey					
Element 1.1.2 Control the risks associated with carrying passengers, loads and animals					
Performance Standards Knowledge & Understanding					
You m	ust b	e able to	You must know and understand		
1.		age the effect passengers may have on ability to drive safely	a.	current legal requirements for the fitting and use of seatbelts	;
	lega	e sure any passengers are seated lly, correctly and securely	b.	the importance of using head- restraints, where fitted, and of adjusting them correctly	
3.		v for the effect that extra loads may have ne vehicle's handling characteristics	C.	the correct operation of air-bags	
	corre	e sure any animals are secure and ectly restrained within the vehicle	d.	how to deal with the effects of so pressure and distractions caused passengers	
5.	whe good vehi	out the exact content of your load and, re dangerous, hazardous or obnoxious ds are involved, make sure that you, your cle and the processes you use to handle e goods comply with the law	e.	how to adjust the vehicle and you driving behaviour to allow for extr weight and changed weight distribution	
6.	mak	e sure that, when lifting loads, you	f.	how to find out	
	• r	use safe manual handling techniques make proper use of any equipment provided		 whether your load falls within category of dangerous, hazar or obnoxious goods 	
	•	make sure that you are suitably qualified		 what training you require before transporting these goods 	ore
7.		e sure that your vehicle is suitable for the that is being carried and that		 whether you require a vocation training certificate, known as a 	
	a.	its maximum authorised mass is not exceeded		ADR certificate how to reduce the risk of injury w	hon
	b.	maximum permitted gross axle weights are not exceeded at any time		lifting loads	
	C.	there are sufficient load anchoring points		the risks associated with loss of le and movement of load	
	d.	you have sufficient load securing devices, such as strapping, chains,	i.	that, because of the forces involv the most likely places for a load to become unstable are	
	e.	wedges, chocks or sheeting load securing devices are free from defects and, where applicable, can be adjusted fully		at roundaboutson slip roadson long (fast) bends	
	f.	the headboard is strong enough to resist penetration when carrying loads such as poles or girders			

- 8. make sure, when loading the vehicle, that
 - a. the load is placed against the headboard, or load bearing bulkhead, where fitted, or is appropriately blocked to transmit load to that headboard or bulkhead, where applicable
 - b. if there are several items in the load then they are either in direct contact with each other or there is appropriate blocking between them to prevent relative movement
 - c. the load is placed against sidewalls, or appropriately blocked, where these have been specifically designed to retain loads, where applicable
 - d. it is loaded to bring the centre of gravity as low, and as near the centre line of the vehicle as possible
 - e. each item of the load is secured appropriately and cannot fall from your vehicle when on the move
 - f. where loose bulk loads are carried there are no gaps in your vehicle's bodywork and that the load is correctly sheeted or netted to stop it being blown away
- where your load is indivisible and extends beyond the dimensions of your vehicle make sure that
 - suitable marker boards are fitted
 - suitable lamps and reflectors are fitted
 - an attendant is carried
 - the police are given notice
 - as appropriate
- 10. where required, operate any bespoke loading or restraining systems, such as roll cages or wheeled racks, following the manufacturer's guidance
- 11. check the condition of the load at regular intervals

- j. what to consider when loading the vehicle, the best way to secure different loads, and
 - what the vehicle's payload is, or how to calculate it based on its maximum authorised mass and its tare weight
 - how to find your vehicle's maximum permitted gross axle weights
 - that a vehicle which has compliant maximum permitted gross axle weights at the start of the journey may become illegal as consignments are off-loaded
 - the devices that may be used to secure a load and how to use them
 - which hooks are suitable to be used as load anchorage points and where to find this information
 - how to use straps, chains, wedges and chocks to make sure the load cannot move
 - that the higher a vehicle's centre of gravity the less stable the vehicle and its load will be
- k. that the combined strength of the load restraint system must be enough to withstand a force of at least
 - the total weight of the load forward, to prevent the load moving under severe braking
 - half of the weight of the load backwards and sideways
- that different types of larger vehicle, such as tipper vehicles, may have particular characteristics that need to be taken into account, and how to make sure that you know how to operate them safely
- m. how to spot damage or deterioration in the condition of the load
- n. methods for protecting different types of load
- o. when, and how often, to make checks on the condition of your load

	Role 1 Prepare vehicle and its occupants for a journey					
	Unit 1. 2 Make sure the vehicle is roadworthy					
	Element 1.2.1 Make routine checks of vehicle roadworthiness ²					
Perfor	Performance Standards Knowledge & Understanding					
You m	You must be able to		ust know and understand			
 check all fluid levels, including windscreen washer reservoir(s) 		a.	which routine maintenance checks are your responsibility and, for those that are not your			
2.	check that the horn is working correctly		responsibility, how to check that they have been done			
3.	check that all lights and reflectors are	b.	that different vehicles may permit different levels of access to check and maintain fluid levels, check electric systems etc, and some			
	• legal		checks or maintenance on some vehicles should only be carried out by qualified			
	• clean		mechanics			
4.	 in good working order check electrical equipment and systems (such as tachograph, heating and air conditioning) is in good working order 	c. that the vehicle handbook (or company documentation) identifies which checks carried out by the owner or user and exp how and when to carry them out, either or using the vehicle's instrumentation				
5.	check there is no damage that	d.	that overfilling with engine oil can			
	would		damage your engine			
	 affect your ability to drive the vehicle safely 		 increase the amount of environmental pollution the vehicle creates 			
	make the vehicle illegalhave an adverse effect on its		and that using oil which is not to the manufacturer's specification			
	environmental impact		can increase fuel consumption			
6.	check that all tyres, including any spare, are		may cause damage			
	 correctly inflated 		could affect the vehicle warranty			
	legally compliant	e.	what fluids to add to the vehicle coolant			
7.	check all controls ³ are in good		system and the necessity to maintain the level of coolant additive			
8.	working order check windscreen, mirrors and	f.	the rules that apply to the fitting of different types of tyres			
	other viewing devices are clear and adjusted to give the best view	g.	how to check that tyres			

² Where this unit is applied to those working for a commercial organisation, the organisation's procedures should provide clear guidance on the specific checks that are the driver's responsibility and those that are the responsibility of others. As the driver you should consider whether it would be illegal to drive the vehicle if anything that should by law be fitted to or carried in the vehicle isn't in place or in a serviceable condition. The need to complete a first use walk round vehicle check is covered in the next element.

³ This covers all controls that may be used, including the wide range of vehicle adaptations that may be made to enable a disabled driver to use the vehicle.

 check registration plates are fitted, visible and legally compliant 	 are correctly fitted and inflated
10. check that any ancillary equipment	 meet legal requirements for tread depth, such as by checking tread-depth indicators
(such as after-market satellite navigation systems ⁴ or 'head-up' displays) is legal to use in the	 are free from defects that would make them unsafe or illegal to use
vehicle and securely fitted in a position that minimises distraction to the driver	 h. that it is essential that wheel fixings are tightened to the torque specified by the vehicle manufacturer, and how to make sure that this is done
11. make sure that checks are carried	
out by a competent person where you are unable to carry them out yourself	 that tyres specially adapted for different weather conditions are available (such as winter tyres or all-season tyres)
12. categorise and report any vehicle defects and know what action to take, for example	 how to spot signs of abnormal tyre wear and the need to have the vehicle checked if abnormal wear is identified
 remove vehicle from service (safety-critical defects) 	 k. that the windscreen and other windows should be clean and free from obstructions and that
 report defect and continue in service (non-safety-critical defects) 	there are legal limits to the amount and location of damage to windscreens beyond which they must be replaced
	 that lights, indicators, reflectors and number plates must be clean at all times
	 m. any rules that apply to the fitting and use of ancillary equipment and how to make sure it can be used safely and with the minimum of distraction what electrical equipment to check
	n. what controls to check
	 the legal requirement to dispose of or recycle oil, batteries and tyres appropriately, where this is your responsibility

⁴ The DVSA is aware that satellite navigation systems can take a variety of forms; integrated, freestanding/post-market or smartphone app. The technology is also evolving rapidly. The use of the phrase 'satellite navigation system' in this standard is taken to mean any electronic device, of whatever format, that is used as an aid to navigation.

Role 1 Prepare vehicle and its occupants for a journey					
	Unit 1.2 Make sure the vehicle is roadworthy Element 1.2.2 Check the vehicle is fit for the journey				
Perfor	mance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding			
You must be able to		You must know and understand			
1.	familiarise yourself with the vehicle if it is the first time you have driven it	 a. what first use walk-round and pre- journey checks are required and what adjustments to make 			
2.	conduct first use walk-round and pre- journey checks and configure the vehicle correctly	b. the effect of filling a vehicle with the wrong sort of fuel			
3.	categorise and report any vehicle defects and know what action to take, for	 how to check what sort of fuel your vehicle uses 			
	 example remove vehicle from service (safety critical defects) 	 how to check whether your vehicle uses a fuel additive, which sort it uses and how to replenish it 			
	 report defect and continue in service (non safety critical defects) 	e. the operation of low-fuel, mpg or range indicators and how much fuel is left in			
4.	make changes to your driving position so that you	the tank when low-fuel indicators operate			
	are safely and comfortably seated				
	 have good all-round visibility 				
	have control of the vehicle				
	minimise tiredness				
5.	check there is enough fuel of the right type				
6.	check there is enough fuel additive of the right type, where applicable				

Unit 1.2 Make sure the vehicle is roadworthy					
Element 1.2.3 Make sure vehicle documentation meets legal requirements					
Knowledge & Understanding					
You must know and understand					
 a. that you must have a valid driving licence for the vehicle you drive meet any restrictions on your licence b. that learner drivers, holding a provisional licence, must be supervised by somebody who is at least 21 years old, and has held a licence to drive the category of vehicle for at least three years c. that any vehicle driven by a learner must clearly display legally compliant, red L plates (or in Wales either red L or red D plates, or both) d. that L (D) plates should be removed when a vehicle is not being driven by a learner e. that the vehicle must be registered with the DVLA f. the law on the taxation of vehicles and the requirement to make a statutory declaration (SORN) if you take your vehicle off the road and stop taxing it for any period of time g. that you must notify the DVLA if you change your name or address have or develop a medical conditio that will affect your ability to drive 					

 h. that you must have a minimum of third party insurance covering you for the intended use of the vehicle, and what insurance companies require you to do to meet your obligations under that insurance
 that you must hold a valid MOT test certificate for the vehicle
 that, if required by an authorised person, you must be able to produce
your driving licence
 a valid insurance certificate
a current MOT certificate
either immediately or within seven days to a police station
 k. that if you borrow or rent a vehicle you still need to make sure that the correct documentation is in place
 that if you lend somebody your vehicle you still need to make sure that they have the correct documentation
 m. that if you drive outside Great Britain there may be different documentation rules, such as the need to have your documents with you at all times
 n. what documentation is required if you are transporting dangerous goods
 what documentation you are required to carry by law in the UK and abroad

Role 1 Prepare vehicle and its occupants for a journey					
Unit 1.3 Plan a journey⁵					
Perfor	Performance Standards Knowledge & Understanding				
You m	ust be able to	You must know and understand			
1.	 plan a suitable route taking into account road conditions weather conditions traffic 	a. the principles of mapping and the technologies available for route planning and for monitoring road traffic conditions, and the limitations of these technologies			
	 driving experience the vehicle you are using	 b. the need to build in extra time to allow for unforeseen delays 			
2.	work out the time required to complete your journey safely and legally, including rest breaks and refuelling stops	 c. how congestion charges and road and bridge tolls may affect your choice of route d. how the risks involved in travelling on 			
3.	decide whether it is safe to make a journey in adverse weather conditions	 how the risks involved in travelling on some routes can change at different times, such as 			
4.	consider other routes if your planned route is blocked, or if weather conditions make it unsafe to continue	 heavier traffic at rush hour or in the holiday season lower stability on exposed routes in 			
5.	plan your route taking into account the location of any height, width, length or weight or access restrictions that apply to the vehicle you are driving	 e. the link between your level of skill and experience and whether you should choose a particular route 			
6.	plan your route to take account of any road user charging schemes that apply to the vehicle you are driving	 f. how to get information on likely weather conditions and how they might affect your journey 			
7.	plan your route to include rest break and overnight parking locations, where appropriate	g. when using satellite navigation systemshow to program them			
8.	program any satellite navigation systems before you start your journey so that you are not distracted while driving	 the information they can provide that they can sometimes fail, and how to prepare for that happening 			
9.	be prepared for the possibility that your journey may be delayed or affected by adverse weather conditions, for example by taking suitable clothing, equipment or food and drink	h. the importance of minimising distractions while driving			
		 the height, width, length and weight of the vehicle you are driving 			
		 j. how to find out the location of height, width, length and weight restricted 			

⁵ Not applicable where the route is planned for you, although the ability to plan in adverse circumstances still applies.

routes and any access restrictions
k. how to find out whether the vehicle is subject to any road user charging when entering restricted areas, such as the London low emission zone (LEZ)

Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle Unit 2.1 Start, move off, stop and leave the vehicle safely and responsibly					
Element 2.1.1 Start the vehicle					
Performance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding				
You must be able to	You must know and understand				
 carry out pre-start checks on doors parking brake seat steering seatbelt mirrors disengage anti-theft devices make sure the vehicle's transmission is disengaged consider the effect of starting the engine on other road users, particularly vulnerable road users such as passing cyclists or pedestrians or horse riders monitor vehicle instrumentation and gauges throughout engine start up respond correctly to information given by instrumentation and gauges throughout engine start up start the engine correctly 	 a. how to read and respond correctly to instrumentation such as gauges indicators warning lights on-board diagnostic systems and other aids fitted to the vehicle to enable you to monitor its operation and performance b. that different models of vehicle may have different starting mechanisms, types of instrumentation and other aids and that it is vital to use the vehicle handbook to find out how they work c. how to start the engine when it is cold d. the benefits of using anti-theft devices and how to apply and disengage them 				

	Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle						
	Unit 2.1 Start, move off, stop and leave the vehicle safely and responsibly						
	Element 2.1.2 Move off safely and smoothly						
Perfor	mance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding					
You m	You must be able to		ust know and understand				
1.	carry out all-round visual checks, including blind spots, to make sure that it is safe to move-off	a.	the importance of carrying out all- round, effective observation of the road and other road users before moving off				
	signal your intention to move off to other road users, where needed	b.	the importance and location of blind spots and how to carry out blind spot checks before moving away				
3.	 move off straight-ahead, on the level and on slopes, safely and smoothly, keeping control of the vehicle at all times move off at an angle from behind a parked vehicle or obstruction, safely and smoothly, keeping control of the vehicle at all times 	C.	the importance of using a safe, systematic routine to support moving off safely and smoothly				
4.		d.	the importance of applying the footbrake before selecting drive on an automatic vehicle				
	check that controls are operating correctly restart quickly and safely if the vehicle stalls	e.	where applicable, the relevance of the 'biting point', that is the point at which the clutch plate and the flywheel come into firm contact and start to transmit drive				
		f.	the operation of the parking brake release mechanism				
		g.	the limitations of hill assist systems, where fitted				
		h.	the effects of "dry steering", that is turning the wheels when the vehicle is not moving, on tyres etc.				
		i.	how to check controls, such as steering and brakes, are operating correctly				

Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle					
Unit 2.1 Start, move off, stop and leave the vehicle safely and responsibly					
	Element 2.1.3 Decelerate and bring the vehicle to a stop safely				
Performance Standards		Knowledge & Understanding			
You must be able to		You m	ust know and understand		
1. use the accelerator and brakes correctly to regulate speed and		a.	how to apply a safe, systematic approach when stopping		
2.	bring the vehicle to a stop safely stop the vehicle safely and under control in an emergency	b.	the distance a vehicle requires to stop from different speeds and in different road and weather conditions		
3.	use the parking brake when stationary, where needed	C.	that a vehicle's overall stopping distance consists of two parts		
	use braking systems safely and effectively		 thinking distance - which is the distance travelled from the point where you decide to brake to the point where you start braking 		
5.	use the vehicle's endurance braking system (retarder) when needed		 braking distance - which is the distance travelled from the point where you start to brake to the point where you stop 		
		d.	the importance of anticipation and judgement to allow for progressive use of the brakes		
			how aids such as ABS can assist in safe and effective braking		
		f.	that larger vehicles may need a greater distance to stop		
		g.	that harsh braking can destabilise a load		
		h.	how air-brakes, which are used by most large vehicles, differ from hydraulic brakes		
		i.	that articulated vehicles may jack-knife or experience trailer swing under severe braking		
		j.	the principles of the various endurance braking systems (retarders) that may be fitted to large vehicles, for example		
			electric		
			engine-driven		
			exhaust brakes		

Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle Unit 2.1 Start, move off, stop and leave the vehicle safely and responsibly					
	Element 2.1.4 Park the vehicle	e safely	and responsibly		
Perfor	Performance Standards Knowledge & Understanding				
You must be able to			You must know and understand		
1.	select a safe, legal and convenient place to stop and park and, once stationary, secure the vehicle on slopes, facing both up and down, as well as on the level	a.	what factors to take into consideration when identifying a safe, secure, legal and convenient place to stop or park		
	make sure the parking brake is applied effectively	b.	that vehicles with air suspension may move a considerable amount when parked or when started		
	if appropriate, select a gear to hold the vehicle safely when parked switch the engine off	C.	that you must switch off the headlights, fog lights if fitted and		
5.	make sure that vehicles fitted with automatic transmission are left with the lever in the Park position	d.	engine when parked the rules in the Highway Code that apply when leaving your vehicle on different roads and in different		
6.	make sure lights are left on where required		lighting and weather conditions		
	check for oncoming cyclists, pedestrians and other traffic before opening your door minimise the risk of falling when you are	e.	how and when to set the position of the steering wheels of the vehicle to increase its security when parked on		
0.	exiting the vehicle		a slope		
9.	use best practice techniques to maximise the security of the vehicle and its load against theft or illegal access whenever you leave it, and check the security of the vehicle when you return	f.	that when parking a vehicle with manual transmission on a slope, selecting a gear will help to hold the vehicle if the parking brake should fail		
10	. use best practice techniques to ensure your personal security when parked, for example overnight	g.	the possible outcomes of opening a door, particularly on the offside of the vehicle, when not safe to do so		
11	apply the relevant Transport Internationale Routiers (TIR) procedures when travelling	h.	how to minimise the risk of falling from the vehicle		
	internationally, and make sure that:TIR cords are fitted securely	i.	methods for securing different types of vehicle against theft or illegal		
	 You know the points in your journey at 		access		
	which you need to check the cords	j.	methods for securing different types of loads against theft		
	 you have the required paperwork available throughout your journey 	k.	when and where you should check your vehicle for any security breach		

	Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle Unit 2.1 Start, move off, stop and leave the vehicle safely and responsibly				
	Element 2.1.5 Couple and uncouple a trailer and vehicle safely ⁶				
Perfor	Performance Standards Knowledge & Understanding				
You m	nust be able to	You m	ust know and understand		
1.	position the vehicle in relation to the trailer ready for coupling and uncoupling	a.	the importance of selecting a safe and suitable place for uncoupling		
2.	make sure that the trailer's brakes are applied prior to coupling and uncoupling	b.	the importance of ensuring the vehicle is aligned to the trailer for coupling and uncoupling		
3.	make all the necessary connections when coupling the trailer	C.	how to prepare the trailer before		
4.	test that coupling has been correctly achieved	d.	coupling how different types of coupling work		
5.	after coupling, make sure that vehicle and trailer systems work properly and	e.	when different connections have to be made		
6.	the vehicle is safe to drive select a safe location for uncoupling the	f.	how to connect or disconnect the different types of connection		
7.	trailer disconnect all connections successfully	g.	why it is important to check the trailer's brakes are applied		
	when uncoupling, and stow the lines safely	h.	the importance of testing that coupling has been achieved		
8.	drive away from the trailer carefully and make sure the uncoupling has been achieved	i.	why it is important to stow the air lines and electrical connections safely		

⁶ For drivers of category C+E or C1+E vehicle combinations. National standard for driving lorries 18 of 39 (category C)

Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle				
	Unit 2.2 Drive the vehicle safely and responsibly			
Elem	Element 2.2.1 Monitor and respond to information from instrumentation, driving aids and the environment			
Performance Standards Knowledge & Understanding				
You m	ust be able to	You must know and understand		
 monitor and respond correctly to gauges, warning lights and other aids 		a. the purpose and meaning of dashboard warning lights		
2.	when driving monitor and respond appropriately to instructions provided by satellite navigation systems without being	 b. the location of switches and controls and how to operate them without being distracted or losing control of the vehicle while on the move 		
	distracted from the driving task respond to the actual situation on the road ahead	c. that you must always act on the basis of what is in front of you and not just rely on the information provided by satellite navigation systems or other aids		
4.	make effective use of mirrors and other aids to vision to identify and monitor other road users and hazards	d. when and how to use dipped headlights		
5.	judge speed and distance correctly and effectively	 e. the rules that apply to the use of fog lights 		
6.	signal your intentions correctly to other road users within a safe, systematic routine	 f. how different types of mirror can make other road users appear to be nearer or further away than they actually are 		
7.	operate the vehicle's lights, indicators and horn correctly	g. how to identify and respond to changes in road surfaces and weather conditions		
8.	use the windows, wipers, demisters and climate and ventilation controls so that you can see clearly			

Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle			
Unit 2.2 Drive the vehicle safely and responsibly			
Element 2.2.2 Control the accel	eration of the vehicle effectively		
Performance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding		
You must be able to	You must know and understand		
 use the accelerator smoothly to achieve and maintain an appropriate speed 	a. that correct use of the accelerator will have positive effects on		
 drive smoothly and in a controlled and progressive way to avoid destabilising any load 	 vehicle performance safety the environment the disadvantages of over-revving when moving away and while stationary c. how to operate cruise control systems safely, if fitted d. the importance of using a driving position that allows you to use the accelerator smoothly e. that sudden acceleration can destabilise a load f. whether the vehicle you are driving is 		
	fitted with a speed limiting device, and if so, the effect that this will have on the control of the vehicle		

Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle					
Unit 2.2 Drive the vehicle safely and responsibly					
Element 2.2.3 L	Element 2.2.3 Use gears correctly				
Performance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding				
You must be able to	You must know and understand				
 change gear smoothly and in good time select the appropriate gear for the road speed of the vehicle given the prevailing road and traffic conditions coordinate the use of gears with braking and acceleration use an automatic or automated gear box effectively, when fitted 	b. the effect that unsuitable gear selection can have on				

	Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle Unit 2.2 Drive the vehicle safely and responsibly			
Element 2.2.4 Steer the vehicle safely				
Perfor	mance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding		
You must be able to		You m	ust know and understand	
	steer the vehicle safely and responsibly in all road and traffic conditions, paying attention to any weight, height, width, length and ground clearance restrictions		how to keep safe control of the steering wheel the effect that the vehicle's turning circle has on steering the vehicle	
Ζ.	hold and control the steering wheel to steer the vehicle accurately and safely	C.	the dimensions of the vehicle and how they affect its handling	
3.	continue to steer the vehicle safely and responsibly while operating other controls	d.	the amount of space you need to turn and the way that your vehicle overhangs kerbs and verges	
		e.	where to find the dimensions of the vehicle, for example maximum authorised mass (MAM) or height	

Role 2 Guide and control the vehicle Unit 2.2 Drive the vehicle safely and responsibly				
Perfor	mance Standards	Know	ledge & Understanding	
You m	ust be able to	You must know and understand		
1.	coordinate the operation of all controls to manoeuvre the vehicle safely and responsibly in	a.	how the use of safe, systematic routines will contribute to safe and responsible manoeuvring	
	• all road and weather conditions	b.	the blind spots for the vehicle and how to	
	forward and reverse gear		check them	
2.	continue to make effective	C.	the correct procedure	
	observations, including checks of blind spots, while manoeuvring position the vehicle correctly to carry		for reversing into a side road on the leftfor reversing into a side road on the right	
3.			 to carry out a turn-in-the-road or U-turn 	
	out manoeuvres safely		manoeuvre	
4.	use a safe, systematic approach throughout, such as 'mirrors, signal, manoeuvre, position, speed, look' to maintain the safety of yourself and other road users		 for carrying out any reverse parking exercise on and off road 	
		d.	the rules about when and where you cannot make U-turns	
5.	make sure that if audible reversing warning systems are fitted they are used only when it is legal to do so	e.	the effects of sudden or harsh use of the accelerator, brakes or steering whilst manoeuvring	
6.	use reversing camera systems or proximity sensors effectively, where fitted	f.	that different vehicles will react differently in a possible skid situation depending on their configuration (such as front-wheel or rear- wheel drive) and on the technologies fitted (such as ABS or ESP)	
		g.	why a skid may occur, how to avoid skids and how to correct them if they do occur	
		h.	how to allow for vulnerable road users when carrying out a manoeuvre	
		i.	the benefits of engine braking and when it should be used	
		j.	the risks linked to reversing a vehicle further than necessary	
		k.	how to work with a signaller when reversing, where applicable	
		I.	the risks linked to 'coasting' (allowing the vehicle to move without having a gear selected, either with the clutch depressed or when in neutral)	

- m. what clearances are necessary for the vehicle during different manoeuvres or activities
- n. how to identify a suitable place for manoeuvring
- o. the restrictions on the use of audible reversing warning systems, and that their use does not replace the need to practise good, all-round effective observation
- that use of reversing aids, such as camera systems and proximity sensors, does not replace the need to practise good, all-round, effective observation

	Role 2 G	de and control	the vehicle	
Unit 2.3 Drive the vehicle while towing a trailer				
Perfor	Performance Standards Knowledge & Understanding			
You m	ust be able to	ou must know a	and understand	
	make sure you have the correct licence to drive the intended combination of vehicle and trailer make sure that the trailer is suitable and legal for use on	 b. that not a c. that most the maxin by each t 	g licence regulations on towing trailers all insurance policies cover towing a trailer t manufacturers make recommendation for mum size of trailer that can be safely towed type of vehicle, and for how they should be	
3.	the road make sure that you are insured to drive the intended combination of vehicle and trailer	followed d. that towir blind spo	, and that these recommendations must be ng a trailer may increase the number of ts when to use aids to observation such as	
	make sure that your vehicle is capable of towing the intended trailer	extra min f. the speed g. that vehic	rors d limits when towing a trailer cles towing trailers on motorways are not	
	allow more time and brake earlier when slowing down or stopping allow more distance and time to	more land h. that towir	n the outside lane where there are three or es ng a trailer will change the way a vehicle and how to deal with those changes	
	overtake safely make allowances for the extra length of the vehicle with the trailer particularly when turning or emerging at junctions	position or roundabo	by be necessary to take up a different on the road when dealing with junctions or outs aking" is and how to correct it	
 reverse the vehicle with the trailer attached 	sided trai	eer correctly when reversing a vehicle with		
		the conce	t that towing a trailer may have on braking, ept of brake fade and what to do when ng gradients to make sure you keep in	
		restriction	may have to check height or width ns on your route when you tow a trailer	
		o. that rescu trailer	ue services may not include recovery of a	

Role 3 Use the road in accordance with the Highway Code				
	Unit 3.1 Negotiate the road correctly			
	Element 3.1.1 Maintain a s	suitable position on the road		
Perfor	mance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding		
You m	ust be able to	You must know and understand		
1.	select and maintain a suitable position on the road	 a. how to select a suitable position on the road 		
	change lanes safely and responsibly overtake other road users legally, safely and responsibly	 where you may not drive, for example on the pavement, hard shoulder or in cycle lanes 		
4.	take into account the effect of the road camber on the position of the vehicle, particularly with regard to street furniture and other potential impact sources	 what lane discipline is and why it is important 		
		 that your position on the road may be affected by a range of factors including the weather, road and traffic conditions 		
		e. the importance of		
		 scanning the road ahead for reasons to change your position, such as roadworks 		
		 taking timely action to reposition yourself 		
		 f. how to use a safe, systematic routine in time to change position safely and responsibly 		
		 g. the dimensions of the vehicle and how they may affect its handling 		
		 h. that on roads with a severe camber the top of a large vehicle can lean up to 250mm (around 10 inches) 		
		 how the performance and handling of your vehicle will affect your ability to overtake safely and responsibly 		
		j. where you may and may not overtake		

Role 3 Use the road in accordance with the Highway Code			
Unit 3.1 Negotiate the road correctly Element 3.1.2 Negotiate bends			
You must be able to	You must know and understand		
 assess bends correctly on approach select a safe position and speed to enter a bend maintain safe speed and control throughout a bend exit bends safely take into account the effect of the road camber on the position of the vehicle so as to avoid street furniture and other potential impact sources 	 a. how to use various methods such as 'limit point analysis' to judge the severity of a bend b. that when deciding on the line to take and the speed at which it is possible to negotiate a bend safely you should take into account factors such as adverse camber banking uneven or slippery surfaces weather conditions visibility road junctions other road users that different vehicles will perform and handle differently through bends c. the dimensions of the vehicle and how they may affect its handling d. that on roads with a severe camber the top of a large vehicle can lean up to 250mm (around 10 inches) e. the importance of coordinating the use of gears, accelerator, brakes and steering to negotiate a bend safely and responsibly f. how the use of a safe, systematic routine will support the safe negotiation of bends g. the effect that loads and passengers may have on the handling of the vehicle through bends 		

Role 3 Use the road in accordance with the Highway Code Unit 3.1 Negotiate the road correctly Element 3.1.3 Negotiate all types of junctions, including roundabouts, and all types of crossings						
				Perfor	rmance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding
				You m	oust be able to	You must know and understand
1.	apply a safe, systematic routine to negotiate all types of junctions, roundabouts and crossings safely and	 a. the rules that apply to particular junctions and roundabouts, such as priority rules 				
2.	responsibly actively scan for more vulnerable road	 how to turn left and right safely and responsibly 				
	users at junctions, roundabouts and crossings – for example cyclists and motorcyclists	c. the issues that apply to turning right a crossroads				
3.	at level crossings obey any signs that	d. the rules that apply to				
	require you to gain permission to cross and, if required, give notification once you have crossed	 merging into a stream of traffic crossing the path of an approachir stream of traffic 				
4.	turn left and right and go ahead safely	all types of pedestrian crossing				
5	and responsibly emerge safely and responsibly into	train and tram crossings				
5.	streams of traffic	e. the meaning of warning lights used at				
6.	cross the path of traffic safely when turning right	pedestrian and train and tram crossing and how to respond correctly				
7.	maintain control when negotiating all types of junctions and crossings, taking into account the dimensions of the vehicle	 f. how the use of a safe, systematic routine, including effective observations, will support the safe negotiation of junctions, roundabouts and crossings 				
		g. the rules that apply to other road user particularly drivers of other large vehicles or vulnerable road users such as cyclists and motorcyclists, and the position that they may select on the road as a result				
		 h. the dimensions of the vehicle and how they may affect its handling 				

	Role 3 Use the road in accordance with the Highway Code				
	Unit 3.1 Negotiate the road correctly Element 3.1.4 Drive on motorways and dual carriageways				
Perfo	rmance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding			
You m	nust be able to	You must know and understand			
1. 2. 3. 4.	join a motorway or dual carriageway safely and responsibly from the left or the right leave a motorway or dual carriageway safely and responsibly to the left or to the right drive in the most suitable lane allow for other road users joining or leaving the motorway or dual carriageway change lanes safely and responsibly	 a. how to join a motorway or dual carriageway, safely and responsibly, from traffic light controlled or uncontrolled slip roads b. how to leave a motorway or dual carriageway safely and responsibly, including the need to position yourself well in advance to allow other road users enough time to react c. how the use of a safe, systematic routine will help you to join or leave a motorway or dual carriageway safely d. that you may not stop on a motorway except in an emergency e. when and for what purposes you are allowed to use the hard-shoulder f. that you must not pick up or set down anybody, or walk on a motorway, except in an emergency g. that you must not cross the central reservation, or drive against the traffic flow on a motorway or dual carriageway unless directed to do so by an authorised person or traffic signs h. the rules that apply when using a motorway or dual carriageway i. that some stretches of motorway may have local, active traffic management (or managed motorways) control systems installed, which will change the direction of flow in particular lanes, and why it is vital to obey the instructions given by such systems j. the need to scan well ahead on the approach to junctions to make sure you are aware of 			
		 other road users joining or leaving queuing traffic the correct use of bazard warping lights 			
		 k. the correct use of hazard warning lights l. the risks posed by drivers of left-hand-drive vehicles, in particular other large goods vehicles 			

Role 3 Use the road in accordance with the Highway Code				
Unit 3.2 Comply with signals, signs and road markings				
Performance Standards You must be able to	Knowledge & Understanding You must know and understand			
 respond correctly to all permanent and temporary traffic signals, signs and road markings respond correctly to signals given by authorised persons respond safely and responsibly to signals given by other road users 	 a. the meaning of, and how to respond to mandatory traffic signs warning signs road markings b. the meaning of the particular signs that apply to the vehicle that you are driving (e.g. height, width and weight restrictions) c. how to work out the speed limit when you cannot see speed limit signs d. the speed limits on different classes of road for the vehicle (and trailer combination, where applicable) that you are driving e. the meaning of, and how to respond correctly to, signals given by police officers crossing patrols others authorised to control traffic f. who is authorised to control traffic g. signals that other road users are likely to employ and how to respond safely and responsibly to them 			

Role 4 Drive safely and responsibly in the traffic system		
Unit 4.1 Interact correctly with other road users		
Element 4.1.1 Communicate i	ntentions to other road users	
Performance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding	
You must be able to	You must know and understand	
 use indicators and arm signals to signal intentions correctly support the use of any signals given by positioning the vehicle correctly and safely use horn and lights to communicate with other road users where necessary 	 a. the arm signals shown in the Highway Code and when they may need to be given b. when and how to use indicators c. why you should make sure signals are given in good time and cancelled as soon as possible d. how to employ a safe, systematic routine to make the best use of signals e. when signals must be given and when it is acceptable not to use them f. the law on the use of the horn g. when the flashing of headlights may be used as a warning of approach or instead of the horn h. the risks linked to incorrect use of headlights or the horn as a signal i. how and when to use hazard warning lights j. how and when to use road positioning to confirm your intentions 	

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Role 4 Drive safely and responsibly in the traffic system			
	Unit 4.1 Interact correctly with other road users		
	Element 4.1.2 Cooperate with other road users		
Perfor	mance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding	
You must be able to		You must know and understand	
1.	be aware of and predict the likely actions of other road	a.	how to scan the road ahead to gather useful information
2.	users give other road users enough time and space to perform manoeuvres	b.	the rules that apply to other road users, particularly drivers of other large vehicles or vulnerable road users such as cyclists and motorcyclists, and the position that they may select on the road as a result
3.	monitor and manage your own reaction to other road users	C.	the importance of predicting the likely actions of
4.	respond to emergency vehicles correctly		other road users, with particular reference to vulnerable road users, such as cyclists, motorcyclists, children and the elderly
5.	make progress in the traffic stream and overtake with consideration for other road users	d.	that other road users may not appreciate that your vehicle needs more space to manoeuvre, particularly when cornering, at junctions and on roundabouts
6.	manage the risk that other road users may not give you enough space to manoeuvre	e.	that large vehicles travelling at speed can create a vacuum effect and draw cyclists or pedestrians under the wheels of the vehicle
		f.	the importance of always keeping a safe stopping distance between the vehicle and other road users
		g.	how traffic and weather conditions may affect other road users, such as by reducing visibility, and how to allow for this
		h.	how to act safely and responsibly when emergency vehicles are responding to incidents
		i.	how to make safe progress in the traffic stream
		j.	the rules that apply to overtaking on the left
		k.	that driving without due care and attention and reasonable consideration of other road users is an offence

Role 4 Drive safely and responsibly in the traffic system		
Unit 4.2 Minimise risk when driving		
Element 4.2	2.1 Identify and respond to hazards	
Performance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding	
You must be able to	You must know and understand	
 continually scan the driving space close to the vehicle and into the distance use visual clues to predict possible hazards and prepare for situations that may arise judge the significance of possible hazards and prioritise your responses respond to hazards safely keep focused when faced with distractions 	 a. methods you can use to scan your driving space effectively, both close to and into the distance b. what can affect your field of vision, such as parked vehicles, and how to allow for this c. how the construction of your vehicle may affect your field of vision, and how to overcome this d. what aquaplaning is and when it might happen e. factors that might cause you to skid, such as oil or gravel on the road f. how to read the road ahead and prepare for the unexpected g. which kinds of hazard to particularly look for in different environments, such as tractors on rural roads, deer on forest roads or flooding in heavy rain h. that many tunnels are equipped with radio transmitters so that drivers can tune in to be warned of any incidents, congestion or roadworks i. that if you come across congestion in a tunnel that causes you to stop you should leave at least a five metre gap between you and the vehicle in front j. when other road users are vulnerable and how to allow for them 	
	 k. factors that can distract the driver (such as talking to passengers or using a satellite navigation system) and how to manage them so that you are aware of the driving space and possible hazards l. the law on the use of mobile phones whilst driving 	

	Role 4 Drive safely and responsibly in the traffic system		
	Unit 4.2 Minimise risk when driving Element 4.2.2 Drive Defensively		
Perfor	mance Standards	Know	ledge & Understanding
You m	ust be able to	You m	ust know and understand
1.	create and maintain a safe driving space	a. the importance of using a safe,	· · · ·
2.	scan and check your surroundings, especially blind spots		systematic routine to make sure that you are always in control of your vehicle and travelling at the right speed,
3.	position your vehicle to maximise visibility to other road users		in the right gear and in the correct position on the road for the conditions
4.	use dipped headlights when necessary during daylight hours		the importance of keeping a safe separation distance in all weather and
5.			
	emotional state to make sure you can manage risks to your safety	C.	that the stopping distance for larger vehicles is often farther than that for
6.	drive at such a speed that you can always stop safely in the distance you can see to be clear		cars and therefore a larger separation distance is required to keep a safe driving space
7.	assess your own driving behaviour and identify areas needing work	d.	how to assess your own ability to drive safely and responsibly against best practice

	Role 4 Drive safely and responsibly in the traffic system		
	Unit 4.2 Minimise risk when driving Element 4.2.3 Follow the principles of ecologically responsible driving (Eco-safe)		
E			
Perfor	mance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding	
You m	ust be able to	You must know and understand	
1.	accelerate and decelerate smoothly and progressively and effectively use aids such as cruise control	a. what affects a vehicle's fuel consumption	
2.	anticipate the need to stop, and use timely and smooth deceleration to reduce fuel consumption and general	 how effective scanning and planning can help you to use smooth acceleration or deceleration to keep momentum 	
3.	vehicle wear and tear drive in the highest responsive gear to keep full control and avoid labouring the engine	 c. how fuel consumption is increased by extra loads incorrectly inflated tyres 	
4.	remove extra load from the vehicle when not needed	 wind resistance, for example from carrying luggage on roof racks 	
5.	turn off the engine when you are likely to be stationary for some time	 that selecting the most suitable gear will avoid engine labour and maximise the effects of engine braking 	
		e. the use of technologies to reduce exhaust pollution	
		 f. under which circumstances it is appropriate to turn off the engine when stationary, rather than leave it idling 	
		 g. that you should never reduce safety to improve economy 	

Role 4 Drive safely and responsibly in the traffic system		
Unit 4.3 Manage incidents effectively		
Element 4.3.1 Take suitable action if your vehicle breaks down		
Performance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding	
You must be able to	You must know and understand	
 stop, in a safe place if possible, and switch off engine 	 a. where possible, how to keep control of the vehicle if it breaks down 	
make sure passengers, animals and loads are managed safely	 b. the law on using the hard-shoulder on motorways and the guidance on waiting for breakdown services 	
 where suitable, give warning to other road users seek appropriate help 	 c. how to identify your precise location on motorways, to allow breakdown services to reach you quickly 	
	 d. that it is better to use an emergency roadside telephone rather than a mobile phone because it allows the operator to find your exact position 	
	e. how and when to use a warning triangle	
	f. how and when to use hazard warning lights	
	g. that if you have a tyre blow-out	
	 it will make steering difficult, especially if it is the front wheel 	
	 that if you carry on driving you risk further damage to the vehicle 	
	 rear wheel tyre blow-outs will be more difficult to detect, especially on twin- wheeled or multi-axle vehicles 	
	 h. the benefits of wearing protective clothing such as a high-visibility jacket or protective footwear and your organisation's instructions on this 	
	 where it is necessary or a legal requirement to carry a fire extinguisher 	
	 the various types of fire extinguisher and which fires they're intended to tackle 	
	 k. that you should never put yourself in danger when tackling a fire 	

	Role 4 Drive safely and resp	onsidly in the traffic system
Unit 4.3 Manage incidents effectively Element 4.3.2 Take appropriate action when involved in, or witness to, a collision		
You m	nust be able to	You must know and understand
1.	where suitable, stop and park the vehicle in a safe place	 a. the importance of making sure further injury and damage is not caused, by
2.	make sure passengers, animals and loads are managed safely	 managing uninjured passengers, animals and passers-by
3.	make sure warning is given to other road users	 giving warning to other road users as quickly as possible
4.	assess the incident scene and your safety	b. how to contact the emergency services and the vital importance of giving them
5.	note the condition of any casualties	accurate information
6.	give clear and accurate information to emergency services	 c. the importance of being able to give information about the condition of casualties to the ambulance service
7.	give suitable help to others at the scene	d. the benefits of gathering and recording
 where possible, record information about what you saw or the scene as you found 	information as soon as possible after the event	
	it, including taking photographs and drawing sketch plans	e. the law that applies to
9.	comply with legal requirements	stopping
-	accurately and in good time, if required	 providing your details
		giving statements
		 producing documents
		if you are involved in an incident which causes damage or injury to any other person, vehicle, animal or property
		 f. the principles of first aid and the limits of your own first aid skills
		g. where the first aid kit is, if carried, how to access it and how and when to use it
		 h. that as a professional driver others may look to you for guidance in the event of an incident

	Role 5 Review and adjust driving behaviour over lifetime		
	Unit 5.1 Learn from experience		
Perfor	mance Standards	Knowledge & Understanding	
You m	ust be able to	You must know and understand	
1.	demonstrate that you have continued to develop and update your driving skills since you took your driving test	a. that you can learn from experience and continue to improve your ability to drive safely and responsibly all through your	
2.	recognise when your ability to drive safely and responsibly is affected by factors such as	driving career b. how to assess your own ability to drive safely and responsibly against best practice	
	 changes in your personal circumstances, such as changes in working patterns 	c. how to evaluate and learn from others' driving behaviour	
	 changes in your state of health and your physical abilities, through illness or age related deterioration 	 how to use feedback from others to help you be clear about your own ability to drive safely and responsibly 	
	a break from driving	e. when to seek professional help	
	changing to an unfamiliar vehicle	f. the advantages of having regular driver	
3.	assess the seriousness of the factors identified and	development sessions with a competent instructor to keep up to date and remove bad habits	
	 change your driving behaviour to reduce the risks 	 g. the advantages of having an initial input from a competent instructor if you are 	
	 make plans for recovering or improving your driving ability 	returning to driving after a break or you change to an unfamiliar vehicle	
4.	seek professional help where needed		
5.	advise DVLA Swansea if you have a physical or mental impairment		

	Unit 5.2 Keep up to date with changes		
Performance Standards Knowledg		Knowledge & Understanding	
You m	oust be able to	You must know and understand	
1.	demonstrate that your understanding of the meaning of road signs and markings is current	 a. where to find information about changes to signs, markings and legislation, for example Highway Code updates, 	
2.	demonstrate that your understanding of the law on the use of a vehicle on public roads is current	Government websites, Government publications and motoring organisation websites	
3.	keep up to date with changes to vehicle technology especially if you change the vehicle you are using	 where to find information about changes to vehicle technologies, for example manufacturers' websites and trade magazines and websites 	
4.	respond correctly to any changes in the documentation that is required to use a vehicle on the road	c. where to find information about changes to registration, MOT, or taxation regulations, for example Government	
5.	take all steps required to maintain your entitlement to a licence for the type of vehicle you are driving	websites, Government publications and motoring organisation websites	
6.	meet the requirements of Driver CPC legislation where it applies	d. the Driver CPC legislation and how it applies to you	